

# ***ipRouteDialup***

*The IEC 60870-5-101 Dialup Adapter*



## THE MOTIVATION

In many cases, remote terminal units (slaves) cannot connect directly to the master station via networks or dedicated lines for data transmission. As a result, data has to be transmitted via dialup lines in the existing infrastructure.

For communication to be effective, master and slave(s) must all be capable of establishing the connection as and when needed. Some RTUs, however, do not support the connection via dialup modem.

## THE SOLUTION

Our dialup adapter ipRouteDialup can set up a dialup connection to a master station. ipRouteDialup can be connected to any IEC 60870-5-101 device (slave) that does not have its own dialup functionality.

## THE SOFTWARE

### • General

ipRouteDialup supports "Hayes compatible" analog modems, ISDN and GSM modems. Data transmission is based on the IEC 60870-5-101 protocol, either in balanced or unbalanced mode. The transmission mode (balanced or unbalanced) may be chosen for each direction - uplink (slave - master) and downlink (master - slave) - independently.

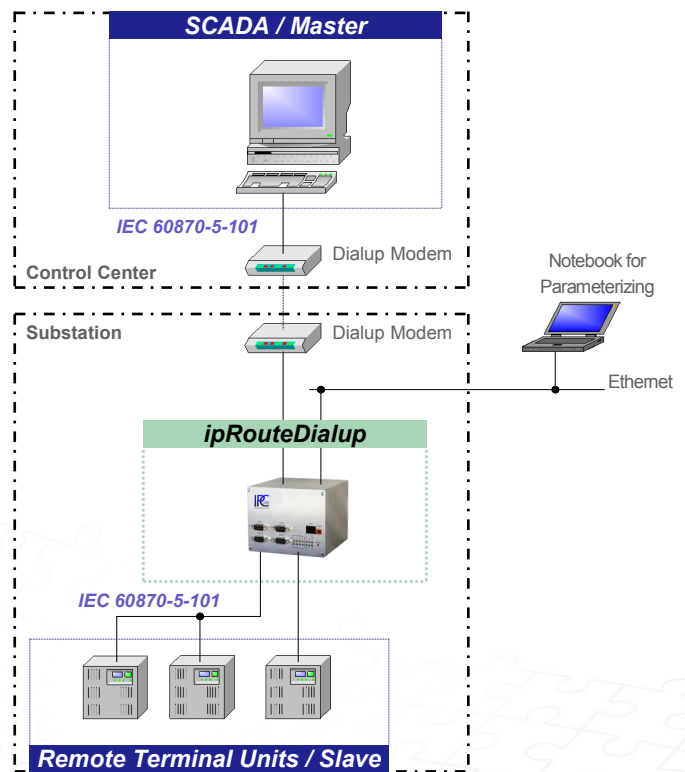
As one serial interface is reserved for the uplink modem connection, there are three interfaces for connecting the slaves. These may be operated either in point-to-point or party line communication (unbalanced mode).

### • Scope of Functions

Data is temporarily buffered in the dialup adapter until the connection to the master or control station is established. Connection setup is only initialized after one of the following conditions has been met:

- The dialup adapter has received an ASDU (Application Service Data Unit) - for instance a spontaneous indication - the type of which qualifies for setting up a connection, as defined in the configuration. In addition to the ASDU type, a specific cause of transmission may be configured, which then initiates the dialup.
- The telegram buffer (as allocated in the size parameter) has been filled to a defined limit.
- In defined cyclic intervals (configurable).

If ipRouteDialup cannot "dispose" of the data in uplink direction (towards the master) and the telegram buffer limit has been reached, data transmission in control direction (towards the slave) is suspended to avoid buffer overflow.



Measured values are entered in a separate impulse buffer and do not result in the dialup of the master. Using initiation mode for data transmission reduces the amount of transmitted data, as only the most recent status change of a measured value is transmitted.

TTL (time to live) monitoring ensures that commands in control direction do not remain in the buffer any longer than needed.

This feature is particularly useful when the connection to the slave breaks down.

If needed, ipRouteDialup can automatically send a general interrogation to the slave station after connection setup.

### • Configuration

The system can be configured via web interface and browser (e.g. MS Internet Explorer or Mozilla Firefox). No further tools are needed for configuration.

Configuration of all parameters is easy and quick using the online help, this also applies to the various modem types. The system automatically recognizes and initializes a connected modem.

**CONFIGURATION EXAMPLE**

PROJECT *ipRouteDialup*  
STATION *iest*  
STATUS **12.01.05 14:21:36 RUNNING**

ADMIN	Administrative Services
LOAD	Load existing configuration
CONFIGURE	View and modify configuration
GENERATE	Check and complete configuration
INSTALL	Install generated configuration
REBOOT	Reboot the system
DIAGNOSTICS	display diagnostic information
LOGGING	examine logfiles
HISTORY	examine start/stop history

ipRouteDialup 1.06 / 21.12.2004 / IPRTDP\_SW\_6  
ipLink Version: 4.19  
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• **Diagnosis**

Comprehensive diagnostic information can be accessed via web browser.

The diagnostic display shows the communication status at a glance for all configurable connections. In addition, communication traffic on all lines can be logged and called up in easily readable plain text representation. This significantly facilitates the debugging process.

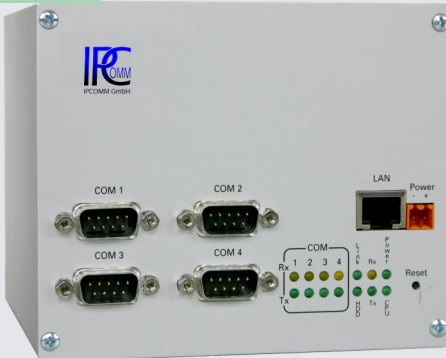
**THE HARDWARE**

Our DIN-Rail Embedded PC (ipHEC) is used as the hardware platform. In addition to a 10BaseT Ethernet interface the HEC also has four V.24 interfaces. Send and receive LED signals on the front panel enable communication monitoring, and also show the software status.

Neither the hardware nor the CompactFlash used as a storage device contain any rotating parts. Hardware cooling for the HEC is completely passive. The hardware components are in a chromated or passivated aluminum housing known in particular for its excellent electromagnetic compatibility.

Depending on the type, HEC operates with voltages ranging from +5 V DC to +72 V DC.

HEC



**Diagnosis Module**

**Status**

down1 (IEC101UnbalMaster)

Connection 1

Data Flow: **Blocked**

Frame Rate: 0 frames / min

Frame Rate Maximum: 0 frames / min

Manually Blocked: **NO**

Connection: **Blocked** 28.10.04 10:35:47

up1 (IEC101DialupSlave)

Connection 1

Buffer Usage: 0 %

Buffer Usage Maximum: 0 %

Data Flow: **Blocked**

Frame Rate: 0 frames / min

Frame Rate Maximum: 0 frames / min

Manually Blocked: **NO**

GO TO: OFFLINE

Connection: **Blocked** 28.10.04 10:35:47

**DIAGNOSIS**

**History Module**

**HISTORY**

28.10.04 10:35:10 ipRouteLerr

23.09.04 09:20:20 ipRouteLerr

23.09.04 09:18:27 ipRouteLerr

17.09.04 18:37:16 ipRouteLerr

17.09.04 18:36:08 ipRouteLerr

17.09.04 18:26:54 ipRouteLerr

17.09.04 18:21:14 ipRouteLerr

17.09.04 18:19:47 ipRouteLerr

17.09.04 18:17:57 ipRouteLerr

14.05.04 10:28:28 ipRouteLerr

14.05.04 10:28:01 ipRouteLerr

**Logging Module**

**LOGGING**

MODIFY LOGLEVEL

FILE	TIME	SIZE
Diag.err	28.10.04 10:35:13	0 byte
Diag.log	28.10.04 12:00:15	0 byte
IECRoute.log	28.10.04 10:35:13	0 byte
Node.err	28.10.04 12:00:15	0 byte
Node.log	28.10.04 12:00:15	0 byte
Startup.err	28.10.04 10:35:08	0 byte
Startup.log	28.10.04 10:35:16	2253 byte
downL.err	28.10.04 12:00:15	0 byte
downL.log	28.10.04 12:00:15	0 byte
upL.err	28.10.04 12:00:15	0 byte
upL.log	28.10.04 10:35:18	0 byte
upIm.err	28.10.04 10:35:18	0 byte
upIm.log	28.10.04 12:24:43	9072 byte

**TECHNICAL DATA**

<b>RS-232 Interfaces</b>	4 x IEC 60870-5-101
<b>Ethernet Adapter</b>	1 x 10BaseT
<b>Send / Receive Indicator</b>	RS232 Ethernet
<b>Power Supply</b>	5 – 72 V DC, depending on the type
<b>Mounting</b>	35 mm DIN-rail
<b>Environmental / Storage Temperature</b>	0° C to 55° C / -10° C to 70° C 32° F to 131° F / 14° F to 158° F
<b>Relative Humidity</b>	5 % to 90 % non condensing
<b>Standards</b>	CE
<b>Dimensions W/H/D</b>	125/105/133 mm
<b>Scope of Delivery</b>	ipRouteDialup Documentation: German or English

**General Parameters**

orig\_size 0 byte Size of 'Originator Address'

co\_asdu\_size 1 byte Size of 'Common Address of ASDU'

ioaddr\_size 2 byte Size of 'Information Object Address'

asdu\_size 249 maximum ASDU size (analog values)

level 6 IECRoute Logging Level

buffer\_size 100 maximum number of buffered ASDUs per connection

low\_margin 20 % buffer low margin (refers to 'buffer\_size')

high\_margin 80 % buffer high margin (refers to 'buffer\_size')

report\_margin 50 % buffer report margin (refers to 'buffer\_size')

gi\_on\_conn TRUE send GI on downlink connection establishment

gi\_suppress FALSE multiple GI suppression (=TRUE)

down\_disp\_all TRUE dispatch ASDUs in down-link direction to all

lifetime 60 s default lifetime for an ASDU (control direction)

**ASDU type-IDs to trigger immediate transmission**

trig\_asdu action

2 action

3 action

4 action

31 action

70 action

**Modem Types**

modem action

INSYS action

INSYS ISDN action

INSYS analog action

USRobotics action

Zyxel-1496E action

westerno action

**Phone List**

dial action

1 action

2

**Link Layer**

ip\_type unbalanced transport procedure

addr\_size 1 byte size of link layer address

addr 1 link layer address

timeout 10000 ms timeout waiting for next poll

classdata TRUE send data as class 1 (=TRUE) otherwise as class 2 (=FALSE)

ack\_cc1 FALSE send 'CONFIRM' as CC1

nack\_cc1 FALSE send 'RESPOND: no data available' as CC1

level 12 Logging Level

mlevel 2 Modem Logging Level

**Modem Type Checking**

check\_req ATi3 check string send to the modem to determine its type

check\_rsp V2.300-V32\_2M\_DLS string received from modem as response to check string

**Init Strings**

init action

1 action ATTX3M1&D2S0=0

2 action AT%CO&K0N2

dial ATDT%s dial string

**General Parameters**

**Main Window**

**List of Modem Types**



## THE COMMISSIONING

Commissioning can easily be done by the customer's personnel, if they are familiar with the IEC 60870-5-101 protocol.

We recommend a one-day training session that has been proven most useful and may include an example configuration or integration test. This guarantees a fast start, as it will then take your personnel only a few hours to complete the commissioning.



## THE REQUIREMENTS

These requirements ensure successful integration of the dialup adapter:

- The common address of ASDU (CA = Common Address of ASDU) and the information object address (IOA) must be of the same length.
- The originator address sizes must be of the same length.
- The ASDU types used in the master and slave station must be compatible. This can be ensured by matching their interoperability lists.

We gladly offer our support to assist you in checking these requirements.



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